Study of the physiological parameters related with the cave environment in some species of *Goniosoma* (Opiliones, Gonyleptidae)

Flávio Henrique dos SANTOS & Pedro GNASPINI

Departamento de Zoologia, Instituto de Biociências, Universidade de São Paulo, Caixa Postal 11461, 05422-970 São Paulo, SP, Brazil. fhsantos@usp.br and gnaspini@ib.usp.br

A comparison of some physiological parameters, like metabolic rate, have been studied in 11 species of Gonyleptidae harvestmen. The nine studied species of the genus *Goniosoma* have different degrees of affinity with the cave environment. In the present work, the following categories were used: epigean species - G. aff. vatrax and G. discolor; intermediary species - G. albinscriptum, G. badium, G. proximum, G. aff. varium and G. longipes; hypogeam species - G. molle and G. spelaeum. The other two species represent outgroups for comparison: *Iporangaia pustulosa* (Progonyleptoidellinae) and *Neosadocus variabilis* (Gonyleptinae). The results will provide data to understand why the genus *Goniosoma* is well represented in the cave environment, and possible modifications developed after colonization.

Grant FAPESP # 98/15233-9